

# RECEPTION CURRICULUM EVENING

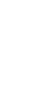


### **PPA Staff**









**Mrs FLETCHER** Every other Wednesday





**Mrs TUCKER** 

**Every Wednesday** 



### Our Intent

At Warden Hill we aim for all pupils in Reception to:

- become caring, confident, and curious learners.
- to be independent, enthusiastic learners who thrive and reach their full potential
- In close partnership with parents, we will continue to create the foundations for each child's personal, social and emotional development, as well as their academic skills, knowledge and understanding
- Develop a passion for reading and furnish each child with a rich and wide vocabulary, in order for them to express themselves confidently
- It is our intent that children who enter our EYFS begin their lifelong journey of physical, verbal, cognitive and emotional development.

Our ultimate goal is to prepare our children with the knowledge and skills needed for the next stage of their learning journey into KS1 and embed creative, geographical, historical, computing and scientific building blocks, through our 'Explorer' subjects.



|                | Autumn 1   | Autumn 2  | Spring 1   | Spring 2  | Summer 1  | Summer 2   |
|----------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| I Wonder       | I wonder what makes<br>me unique?                    | I wonder how people celebrate in different countries?   | I wonder who would have<br>lived in buildings like<br>these? | I wonder how living<br>things grow?   | I wonder what is beneath the ocean?   | I wonder what our super<br>powers are?           |
| End<br>Outcome | To create a page for the class 'Marvellous Me' Book. | To have experienced some of the traditions of specific celebrations and talk about what they have learnt. |  | To present as an explorer what the children have learnt about a specific lifecycle. | To design a poster illustrating some of the ways that we can help to look after our ocean and send to David Attenborough. | To design, create and evaluate a Superhero cape. |



### What makes up the curriculum?

| Prime Areas                                   | Specific Areas             |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Personal, Social and Emotional<br>Development | Literacy                   |  |
| Communication and Language                    | Mathematics                |  |
| Dhysical Doyalonmont                          | Understanding the World    |  |
| Physical Development                          | Expressive Arts and Design |  |



### Three Prime Areas

### Communication and Language

- Listening, Attention and Understanding
- Speaking

### Personal, Social Emotional Development

- Managing Self
- Self Regulation
- Building Relationships

### Physical Development

- Gross Motor Skills
- Fine Motor Skills



### Four Specific Areas

### Literacy

- Comprehension
- Word Reading
- Writing

#### **Mathematics**

- Number
- Numerical Patterns

### Understanding of the World

- Past and Present
- People, Culture and the Communities
- The Natural World

### Expressive Art and Design

- Creating with Materials
- Being Imaginative and expressive



### Curriculum Intentions

Confident Communicators

Independent Individuals

Thoughtful Friends

Marvellous Movers

Talented Tool Users

Reflective Readers

Wonderful Writers

**Masters of Maths** 

Compassionate Citizens

Exceptional Explorers

**Dynamic Designers** 

**Proud Performers** 



### Assessments: EYFS

### Baseline - Government Baseline

- Statutory September 2021
- Focusing on communication, language, Literacy and Mathematics

Early Learning Goals - End of the Reception Year





### Phonics and Early Reading

### We Love Reading



- Reading for pleasure
- Finding out information
- Reading the world around them
- Understanding forms and official documents
- Accessing learning





### Phonics and Early Reading





### What is Phonics?



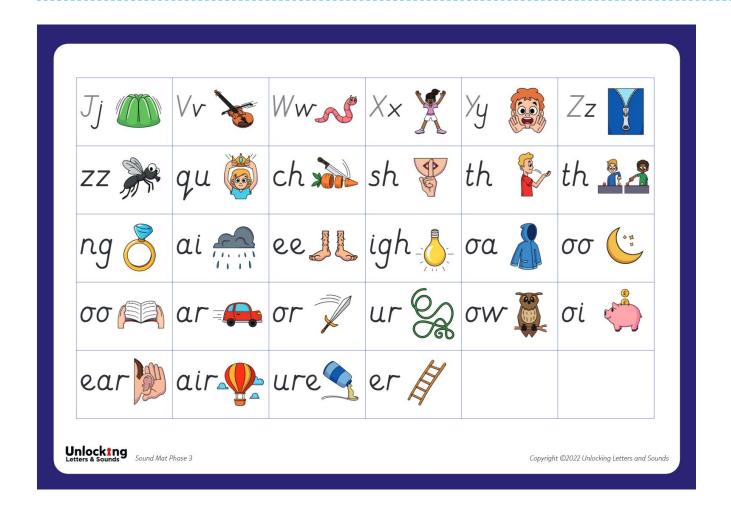
- Link between the words we say and the letters that represent each sound
- Grapheme the written letter or groups of letters
- Phoneme the sounds that the grapheme makes





### What is Phonics?









### The teaching of Phonics



https://wardenhill.gloucs.sch.uk/the-teaching-of-phonics/

See our actions come to life









### What is Phonics?



44 phonemes

Simple Code

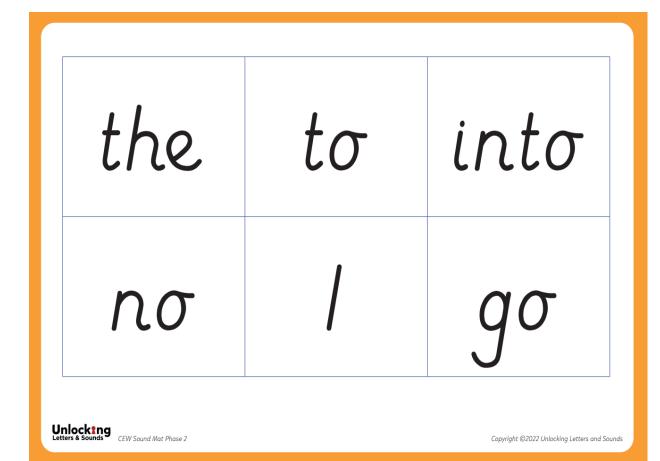
Complex Code





### Common Exception Words







### Reading in reception

### Reading at Home

- ▶ 5 10 minutes
- Choose a time that works for you
- Be positive and celebrate successes
- Encourage them to point to the graphemes
- Encourage them to say the sounds and blend them together
- Be patient and let them try and work it out
- Read common exception words by sight.





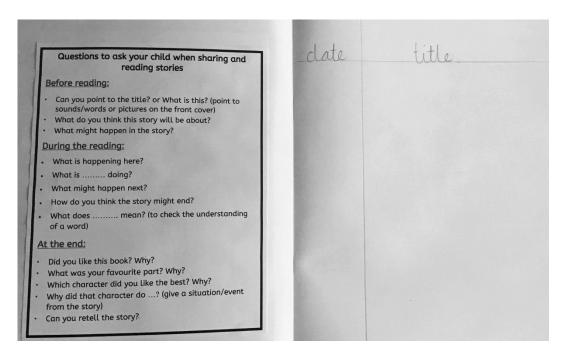
### Reading at Home

- Continue to read to your child.
- Model how to read a book left to right, turning pages
- Ask questions about what has happened and characters' feelings
- Support vocabulary
- Predict what will happen next
- Make connections
- Model your love of reading!



### Reading Journal

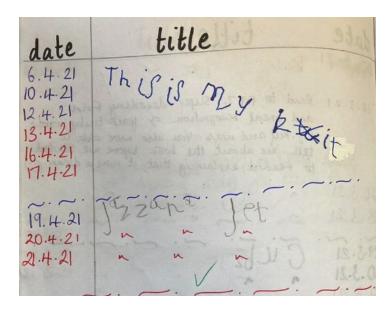
- Pink Reading Journal sent home on Monday 18<sup>th</sup> September
- This should contain a record of anything the children have read that is sent home from school e.g. non word books, story packs
- Encourage your child to write the title of the book they bring home





### Recording their reading

- Please encourage your child to record their own reading in their reading journal.
   This is to give them ownership
- It would be great if they could also note down how many times they have read the book







### Three Reads

Refer to the front of your child's pink reading journal for the reading focus for each day

#### Reading With Your Child

Choose the time carefully and sit together comfortable

Talk about the book before you start. Look at the front and back cover. Ask your child to make predictions as to what the book could be about using the illustrations. Are there any clues from the title?

Encourage your child to talk about the pictures and what is happening in the story. Encourage them to turn the pages, join in with repeated words and phrases and listen to/identify any words that rhyme.

#### When your child starts books from our scheme

Use the 'practising phonics' section in the front of the reading book to practise reading each of the sounds and words that are listed and check your child's understanding of the words suggested.

#### First Read Focus Day 1

Practise decoding skills (sounding out), reading phonically regular words and recognising common exception words.

Encourage your child to 'sound out' words that are unfamiliar. If word building, please remember that in English, not all words are able to be 'sounded out' and some words are to be learnt by sight e.g. the, she, some.

Tell your child the words that they hesitate on to keep some fluency. At the end of the page go back and try to work out the difficult words again.

#### Second Read Focus Day 2

Build on developing your child's understanding of what the text is about.

#### Ask your child questions linked to the 'Reading VIPERS' (please turn over to see examples of Reading VIPERS

When your child is reading a fiction book ask them to retell the story, picking out the key events in the correct

#### Third Read Focus Day 3

Develop reading fluency and explore using expression.

#### To help encourage expression when reading you could model reading a few sentences/paragraph expressively for your child to then repeat in the same way.

Encourage your child to read their book to a different family member or friend so that they can feel proud of their reading.

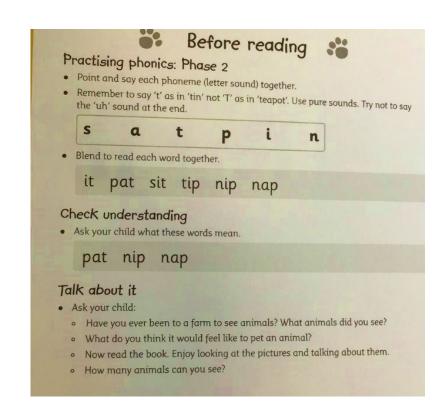
Please return the book every day, even if you have not read with your child.



### The First Read

#### Before Reading

- This will help the children identify the phonemes that they will come across in the book, as well as practising blending of three letter words and checking the understanding of certain words that appear in the book.
- The first read focuses on getting to grips with blending the words





### The Second Read

 The second read focuses on their understanding of what the text is about

Either during the read, or at the end ask them some questions

#### Reading With Your Child

Questions to ask your child when sharing and reading stories

#### **Before reading**

- Can you point to the title? or What is this? (point to sounds/words or pictures on the front cover)
- What do you think this story will be about?
- · What might happen in the story?

#### **During the reading**

- · What is happening here?
- What is ...... doing?
- What might happen next?
- How do you think the story might end?
- What does ...... mean? (to check the understanding of a word)

#### At the end

- · Did you like this book? Why?
- · What was your favourite part? Why?
- Which character did you like the best? Why?
- Why did that character do ...? (give a situation/event from the story)
- Can you retell the story?



### The Third Read

By the third read the child will feel like an expert and enjoy sharing the story with fluency and explore using expression.

This is often a nice time to read to somebody different. They can show off how superbly they can read this story. We want them to feel really proud of themselves and confident readers.

The third read focuses on their fluency of reading



### Non-worded books - 18th September

- Non-worded books are sent home to help with story telling and getting used to books
- We will send them home Monday and ask that you bring them back in, in your child's book bag, on Friday, of the same week





### Story Packs – 18<sup>th</sup> September

- Story packs get sent home on Monday, every other week
- We collect them back in the following Monday
- We usually stop sending home a story pack once your child can read and has a book



### Reading - Segmenting and Blending

Once the children are ready we will send home a picture/word, match activity, containing words which can be blended to make a simple regular word

pin



These words are not for the children to be able to read and remember, but for them to blend single sounds together in order to hear a complete word, such as m-o-p pan



nap



Your child may know all of their sounds but not be ready to blend. It is important therefore that the children recognise the letter shapes by the sound they make rather than their name

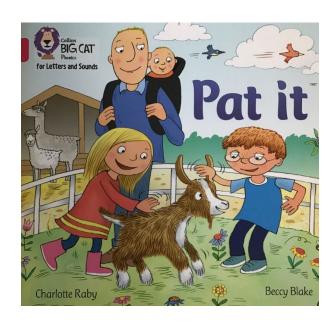
sit





### Reading Scheme

- When we feel your child is ready we will send home a reading book from our wonderful scheme of books (Collins Big Cat)
- These books link to the sounds the children have been learning
- Two books will be put in on Monday. They will be changed the following Monday if they have each been read and recorded three times. They should read the same book three times, before moving onto the next one

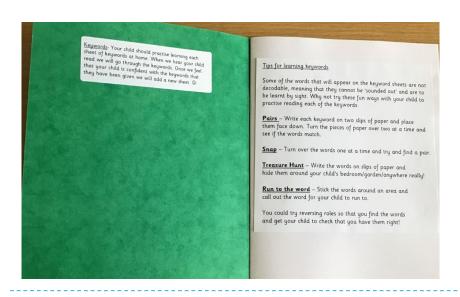


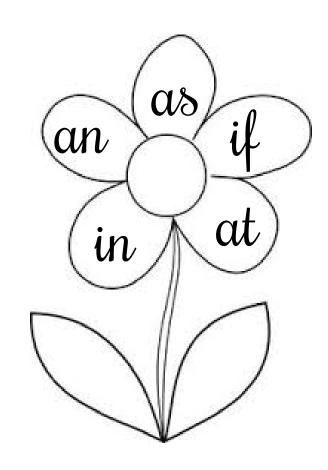


### Common Exception Words

Examples of common exception words that cannot be sounded out:

- the, I, no, go, to, into
- me, she, he, be, my, you, are, all







### Sound Cards





### Writing in Reception

### Mark making into early writing







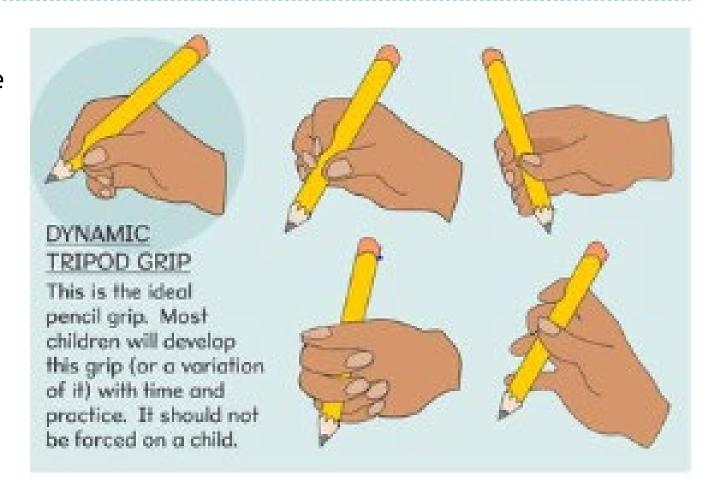


- Children begin mark making before they can write letters and words.
- Encourage your child to use a range of different tools such as paintbrushes, chalks etc. to build up the different arm movements that are needed for writing.
- We also do something called 'Squiggle whilst you wiggle' which helps to build up the muscles in the children's arms and the movements they can make. This then gets transferred onto paper.
- Children need to be working on their gross and fine motor abilities to be able to write.



### Pencil Grip

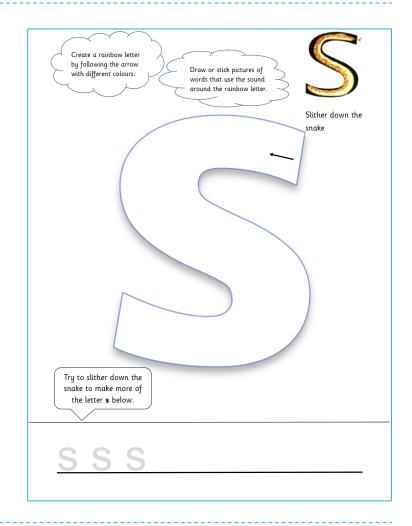
We encourage children to use a 'tripod' grip when writing. Our fine motor 'Funky Finger' sessions help the children to develop this.





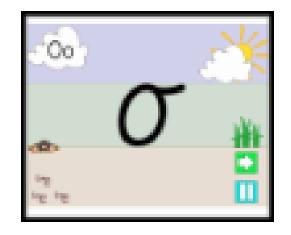
### Rainbow Letters

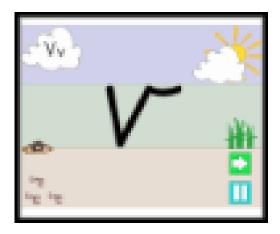
• 'Rainbow Letters' will be sent home Monday-Thursday to help consolidate the formation of the letters.

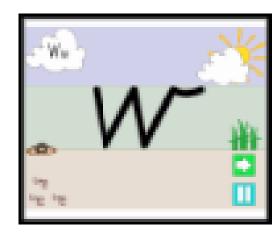




### Encourage 'feeders' on the letters...



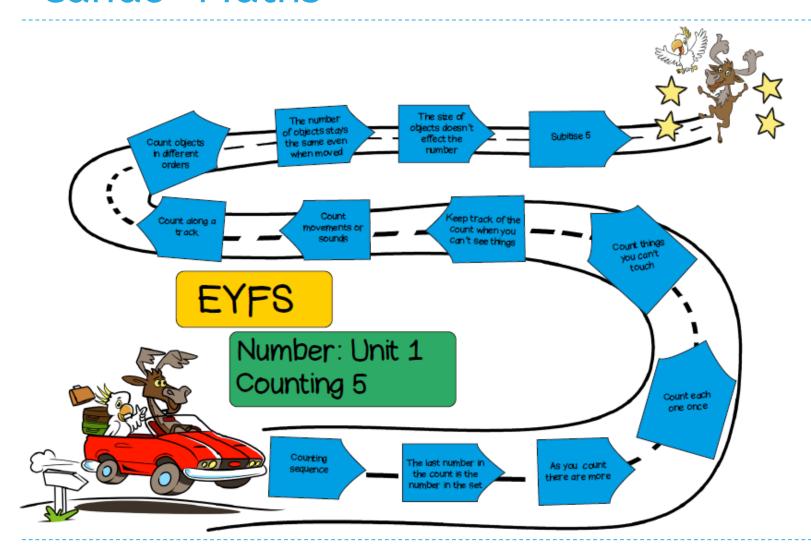






### Maths in Reception

### "Cando" Maths





### Maths

- Mathematical development, as with the other areas of the foundation stage, is covered through practical experiences
- Play is planned, structured and supervised with lots of adult intervention and questioning when appropriate. Sometimes it will be child initiated









## Ideas to help your child with mathematical concepts at home



Encourage lots of counting/number recognition in and around the home, including number songs and rhymes.

#### In the street

- Recognising bus numbers
- Number plate hunt. Who can find a 7? Add the numbers up.
- Comparing door numbers
- Counting How many lampposts on the way to school?

#### Doing the washing

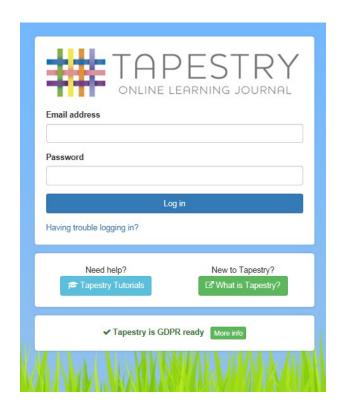
- Counting in 2s matching shoes
- Sorting by colour and size
- Matching/pairing up socks

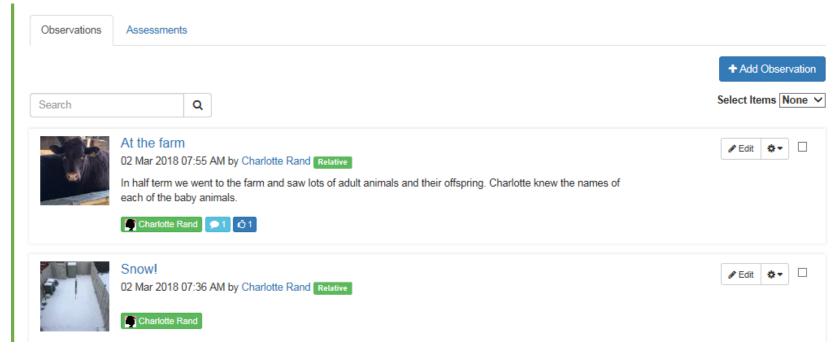
#### In the kitchen

- Can you cut your toast into 4 pieces?
  Can you cut it into triangles?
- Setting the table. Counting the right number of plates etc. How many more do we need?
- Helping with the cooking by measuring and counting ingredients.
- Positional language at dinner time: what is on the rice, where are the carrots/what are they next to? Etc.



### Tapestry







### Summary of activities sent home

| Non-worded books | Sent home Monday   | Return Friday of the same week   |  |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| Rainbow letters  | Sent home Monday to Thursday                                 | Return each day if possible  |  |
| Story Packs      | Sent home Monday (every other week)                          | Keep until following Monday  |  |
| Sound flashcards | Added to your child's 'sound wallet' at the end of each week | Please could you try to make sure the sound wallet is in your child's book bag on a Friday   |  |
| Sound book       | to practise recognising the sounds                           | Please could you keep these in book bags at all times. We will take them out on Fridays to add the new sounds in, and put them back in on Monday |  |

